Consolidated Financial Statements for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2022 [Japanese standard] April 28, 2022



### **INES Corporation**

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# 1. Consolidated Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2022 (April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022)

#### (1) Consolidated Operating Results

(Million yen, figures in percentages denote year-on-year changes.)

	Net sa	lles	Operatin	g profit	Ordinary	profit /	Profit attri	
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2022	40,033	(3.7%)	1,963	(29.5%)	2,060	(29.6%)	1,300	(9.2)%
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2021	41,573	(1.7%)	2,786	(4.0%)	2,925	(1.1%)	1,432	(30.6)%

(Note) Comprehensive income Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2022: ¥1,415 million (-23.9%) Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2021: ¥1,860 million (-7.0%)

	Profit per share (Yen)	Fully diluted profit per share (Yen)	Profit/ Shareholders' equity	Ordinary profit/ Total assets	Operating profit/ Net sales
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2022	57.23	_	3.5%	4.2%	4.9%
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2021	60.16	_	3.7%	5.6%	6.7%

(Reference) Equity in earnings of affiliates

Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2022: ¥— million Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2021: ¥— million

(Note) The Company has applied the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29, March 31, 2020), effective from beginning of the fiscal year under review and the figures for the year ended March 31, 2022 are figures after application of the standard and guidance.

#### (2) Consolidated Financial Position

(Million yen)

	Total assets	Net assets	Equity ratio (%)	Net assets per share (Yen)
As of March 31, 2022	46,827	34,620	73.9	1,665.00
As of March 31, 2021	51,261	38,795	75.7	1,629.73

(Reference) Shareholders' equity

As of March 31, 2022: ¥34,620 million As of March 31, 2021: ¥38,795 million

#### (3) Consolidated Cash Flow Situation

(Million yen)

	Cash flows from operating activities	Cash flows from investing activities	Cash flows from financing activities	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2022	6,427	(1,422)	(5,641)	9,731
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2021	1,917	(11,592)	(971)	10,368

### 2. Dividends

	Dividends per share (Yen)						Dividend payout	Dividends/
	End of Q1	End of Q2	End of Q3	Fiscal year end	Annual	Total dividends (annual) (million yen)	ratio (consolidated) (%)	Net assets (consolidated) (%)
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2021	_	15.00	_	25.00	40.00	952	66.5	2.5
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2022	_	20.00	_	20.00	40.00	876	69.9	2.4
Fiscal year ending March 31, 2023 (Forecast)	_	20.00	_	20.00	40.00		_	

<sup>(</sup>Note) The Company has applied the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29, March 31, 2020), effective from beginning of the fiscal year under review and the figures for the year ended March 31, 2022 are figures after application of the standard and guidance.

# 3. Forecasts for Consolidated Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2023 (April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023)

(Million yen, figures in percentages denote year-on-year changes.)

	Net sal	les	Operating	g profit	Ordinary	profit	Profit attrib owners of		Profit per share (Ye	en)
Full year	43,000	7.4	3,300	68.1	3,300	60.2	2,000	53.8	96.19	

<sup>\*</sup> Notes

(1) Significant changes in subsidiaries during this fiscal year under review (changes in subsidiaries causing a change in the scope of consolidation): No

#### (2) Changes in accounting policies and changes or restatement of accounting estimates

- 1. Changes in accounting policies associated with the revision of accounting standards, etc.: Yes
- 2. Changes in accounting policies other than 1.: No
- 3. Changes in accounting estimates: No
- 4. Restatement: No

#### (3) Number of shares outstanding (common shares)

1. Number of shares outstanding at the term end (including treasury shares)

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2022: 23,900,000 shares Fiscal year ended March 31, 2021: 23,900,000 shares

2. Number of treasury shares at the term end

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2022: 3,107,001 shares Fiscal year ended March 2021: 94,870 shares

3. Average number of shares outstanding

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2022: 22,723,039 shares Fiscal year ended March 2021: 23,806,425 shares

#### \* Explanation regarding the proper use of results forecasts and other important notes

Forward-looking statements such as results forecasts provided in this document are prepared based on currently available information and assumptions that are deemed reasonable, but the Company does not intend to guarantee their achievement. Moreover, actual results may differ significantly from the above forecasts for a variety of reasons, such as the impact on the world economy of Russian invasion into Ukraine and the spread of COVID-19 infections. For conditions regarding the assumptions for results forecasts and notes on the use of results forecasts, etc., please refer to page 5 of the accompanying materials "1. Outline of Operating Results, (3) Future Outlook."

<sup>\*</sup> These financial statements are not subject to audit procedures performed by certified public accountants or audit corporations.

### 1. Outline of Operating Results

### (1) Outline of Operating Results for the Fiscal Year ended March 31, 2022

#### (i) External environment in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022

During the fiscal year under review, the Japanese economy faced an inevitable slowdown, mainly in tourism, transportation, restaurants, and other non-manufacturing activities, following the declaration of a state of emergency and the issuance of the quasi-emergency coronavirus measures in response to the unceasing spread of COVID-19. Unstable social and economic conditions persisted throughout the fiscal year, with increases in some areas in the number of newly infected persons, despite an overall downward trend attributable to progress with vaccinations. Overseas, the supply chain disruption triggered by COVID-19 caused a global semiconductor shortage, while there were marked price rises around the world, primarily in energy-related areas. From February onwards, uncertainty about the future of the global economy has been deepening following the Russian invasion of Ukraine, with a deterioration in the political, economic, and social situation around the world.

#### (ii) Initiatives in the fiscal year under review

Despite these circumstances, the Company established a new organization in April 2021 dedicated to strongly promoting digital transformation (DX) and accelerating a shift to a new business portfolio, as it heralds the era of full-scale DX. It also undertook a major shift of personnel in existing business divisions and proactively moved forward with marketing and sales activities, research and development and the development of human resources. The Company delivered solutions using AI to multiple local governments and other organizations in cooperation with the Mitsubishi Research Institute Inc. ("MRI") Group. This is one part of the results the Company has produced based on the business and capital tie-up agreement with the MRI Group concluded in May 2018.

Moreover, looking ahead at the new normal era, the Company has been taking preventive measures against the risks of infection for customers, business partners, and employees by reducing face-to-face sales activities and by promoting teleworking and staggered working hours, as well as teleconferencing, social-distancing in the workplace, and satellite offices. It also continued to promote a reform of work practices that takes into account employees' work-life balance, aiming to realize sustainable management over the medium and long terms.

On the financial front, the Company acquired treasury shares amounting to a total of ¥4.6 billion during the period between August 2021 and March 2022 for the purpose of achieving an ROE of 7%, the target set out in the medium-term management plan, and strengthening shareholder returns. Moreover, the Company made a transition in April 2022 to the Prime Market, a new market segment under the newly restructured market segments of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

In business related to local governments, the Company's core business area, specifications for the standardization of governmental services systems planned for fiscal year 2025 based on the Local Government Digital Transformation (DX) Promotion Plan formulated by the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications were announced in August 2021 for part of the said services. Moreover, specifications for the standardization of all the 20 core municipal operations are planned to be announced in August 2022. Viewing changes such as the standardization of local government service systems and digitalization of existing administrative proceedings and processes as a major business opportunity, the Company will continue to review existing development and marketing strategies, run trial experiments with forward-thinking municipalities to support local government DX promotion initiatives, provide diverse solutions and form alliances with other companies.

In the private sector, the Company will work to improve business efficiency through responses to client companies' continually growing needs for DX and internal Group restructuring of operating business. (Details have been separately announced today.)

#### (iii) Operating results of the fiscal year under review

The Company has applied the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29, March 31, 2020; hereinafter the "New Standard") from the beginning of the fiscal year under review. For the previous fiscal year and the periods before that, results before the application of the new standard are presented.

Consolidated net sales for the fiscal year under review declined 3.7% year on year, to ¥40,033 million due mainly to declines in revenues in the Financial sector and at Group companies. Consolidated net sales on a sector-by-sector basis are as shown in the table below.

Net sales in the Public sector remained at a high level on a par with that of the preceding fiscal year, at ¥16,668 million (down 2.5% year on year), reflecting business process outsourcing (BPO) projects related to COVID-19 vaccination and welfare benefits.

Net sales in the Financial sector declined 4.8% year on year, to ¥11,419 million, due to the absence of information processing equipment sales recorded in the preceding fiscal year, which partly offset continued recovery trends in customers' stances on investment in system development since the second preceding fiscal year when the impact of COVID-19 was the hardest.

Net sales in the General Industry sector increased 2.5% year on year, to ¥6,942 million, attributable to recovery in IT investment demand mainly in the retailing industry.

At Group companies (posted under "Other" in the "Consolidated net sales by sector" section), net sales declined 12.3% year on year, to ¥5,003 million in the fiscal year under review, mainly due to the reduction of the scale of major bidding projects that had been contributing to sales growth in the previous year.

Looking at sales by product and service category, sales from operations increased, reflecting the expansion of BPO projects in the Public sector.

On the profit side, operating profit fell 29.5% year on year, to ¥1,963 million, and ordinary profit declined 29.6%, to ¥2,060 million, largely reflecting a review of software investment strategy in anticipation of the national government's move toward standardizing local government systems as described above, a one-off increase in costs, including infrastructure development costs in response to the new normal era, as well as rising research and development expenses for the DX of local governments, in addition to lower sales at Group companies. Profit attributable to owners of parent fell 9.2% year on year, to ¥1,300 million.

Consolidated net sales by sector

(Million ven)

Compositative net sures by seet	01	(ivilian yen)			
Category/ Term	Previous consolidated fiscal year From April 1, 2020 until March 31, 2021		Consolidate under From Apr until Marc	Year-on-year change (%)	
	Amount	Composition ratio (%)	Amount	Composition ratio (%)	
Public	17,095	41.1	16,668	41.6	(2.5)
Financial	11,999	28.9	11,419	28.6	(4.8)
General industry	6,772	16.3	6,942	17.3	2.5
Other	5,706	13.7	5,003	12.5	(12.3)
Total	41,573	100.0	40,033	100.0	(3.7)

Consolidated net sales by product/service

(Million yen)

Consolidated liet sales by pro-	aucu sci vicc		(Willion yell)			
Category/ Term	Previous consolidated fiscal year From April 1, 2020 until March 31, 2021		under From Ap	ed fiscal year review ril 1, 2021 ch 31, 2022	Year-on-year change (%)	
	Amount	Composition ratio (%)	Amount	Composition ratio (%)		
System development	16,489	39.7	15,560	38.9	(5.6)	
System operation	12,642	30.4	14,029	35.0	11.0	
System maintenance	5,084	12.2	5,030	12.6	(1.0)	
Sales of information equipment	2,237	5.4	1,126	2.8	(49.7)	
Other	5,119	12.3	4,285	10.7	(16.3)	
Total	41,573	100.0	40,033	100.0	(3.7)	

#### (2) Outline of Financial Position for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2022

(i) Situation of assets, liabilities and net assets

Looking at the financial position at the end of the fiscal year under review, total assets stood at ¥46,827 million, a decrease of ¥4,433 million from the end of the previous fiscal year.

Current liabilities at the end of the fiscal year amounted to ¥6,117 million, an increase of ¥233 million from the end of previous fiscal year, due mainly to income taxes payable. Non-current liabilities decreased ¥490 million from the end of the previous fiscal year, to ¥6,089 million.

Net assets declined ¥4,175 million, to ¥34,620 million, mainly as a result of acquisition of treasury shares.

#### (ii) Cash flow situation

At the end of the fiscal year under review, cash and cash equivalents ("Cash") decreased ¥636 million from the end of the previous fiscal year, to ¥9,731 million.

The status of each cash flow segment and contributing factors for the fiscal year under review are as follows. (Cash flows from operating activities)

Net cash provided by operating activities increased 235.2% year on year, to \$6,427 million. This was mainly due to the posting of profit before income taxes of \$1,926 million and a decrease in accounts receivable of \$1,482 million. (Cash flows from investing activities)

Net cash used in investing activities decreased 87.7 % year on year, to ¥1,422 million This was mainly attributable to purchase of intangible assets of ¥896 million and purchase of property, plant and equipment of ¥740 million. (Cash flows from financing activities)

Net cash used in financing activities increased 480.8% year on year, to ¥5,641 million. This mainly reflected the purchase of treasury shares of ¥4,569 million and dividends paid of ¥1,053 million.

#### (3) Future Outlook

Although political, social and economic conditions in Japan and overseas remain unpredictable, given a bottoming out of the number of persons newly infected with COVID-19 and the Russian invasion of Ukraine, among other factors, the Company expects that economic and social activities in Japan will undergo a gradual recovery, mainly attributable to progress in vaccinations. Taking these factors into consideration, the Company forecasts that consolidated financial results for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023 will be as follows.

[Forecasts for consolidated financial results for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023] (Million yen)

	Net sales	Operating profit	Ordinary profit	Profit attributable to owners of parent
(i) Full year	43,000	3,300	3,300	2,000
(ii) Year ended March 31, 2022	40,033	1,963	2,060	1,300
(iii) (Reference) ((i)/(ii) - 1(%))	7.4	68.1	60.2	53.8

The Company expects that dividends will be as follows.

	Dividends per share (Yen)			
	End of Q2	Fiscal year end	Annual	
Year ending March 31, 2023 (Forecast)	20.00	20.00	40.00	
Year ended March 31, 2022	20.00	20.00	40.00	
Increase/decrease	_	_	_	

#### (Caution on future forecast information)

Forward-looking statements such as results forecasts provided in this document are prepared based on currently available information and assumptions that are deemed reasonable, but the Company does not intend to guarantee their achievement. Actual results, etc. may be subject to significant change for a variety of reasons, such as the impact on the world economy of the Russian invasion into Ukraine and the spread of COVID-19.

### 2. Basic Stance regarding Selection of Accounting Principles

In consideration of comparability with industry peers in Japan, the INES Group has the policy to prepare consolidated financial statements according to the Japanese accounting standards in the foreseeable future. Going forward, the Group will examine the possibility of applying international accounting standards in light of trends and other factors in the application among Japanese companies.

## **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

As of March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2022

		(Million yen)
	FY2020	FY2021
	(As of March 31, 2021)	(As of March 31, 2022)
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and deposits	10,602	9,945
Notes and accounts receivable - trade	10,522	_
Notes and accounts receivable - trade, and contract assets	-	9,323
Securities	2,300	2,300
Work in process	*2 760	*2 210
Raw materials and supplies	73	78
Prepaid expenses	400	436
Other	578	41
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(15)	(13)
Total current assets	25,222	22,323
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings and structures	3,548	3,630
Accumulated depreciation	(2,814)	(3,003)
Buildings and structures, net	733	626
Tools, furniture and fixtures	4,260	4,676
Accumulated depreciation	(3,083)	(3,427)
Tools, furniture and fixtures, net	1,177	1,248
Land	3	3
Total property, plant and equipment	1,914	1,878
Intangible assets		
Software	3,595	2,656
Other	24	24
Total intangible assets	3,620	2,680
Investments and other assets		
Investment securities	*1 13,947	*1 13,586
Long-term prepaid expenses	878	750
Deferred tax assets	4,513	4,493
Other	1,164	1,114
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(0)	_
Total investments and other assets	20,503	19, 945
Total non-current assets	26,038	24, 504
Total assets	51,261	46, 827

# **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

As of March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2022

		(Million yer		
	FY2020	FY2021		
	(As of March 31, 2021)	(As of March 31, 2022)		
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable - trade	2,343	2,153		
Accrued expenses	790	1,170		
Income taxes payable	107	593		
Accrued consumption taxes	301	135		
Advances received	231	284		
Provision for bonuses	1,136	1,047		
Provision for bonuses for directors (and other officers)	69	66		
Provision for losses on orders received	*2 350	*2 137		
Other	552	527		
Total current liabilities	5,884	6,117		
Non-current liabilities				
Provision for retirement benefits for directors (and other officers)	129	112		
Net defined benefit liability	6,168	5,690		
Asset retirement obligations	252	267		
Other	30	19		
Total non-current liabilities	6,580	6,089		
Total liabilities	12,465	12,207		
NET ASSETS				
Shareholders' equity				
Capital stock	15,000	15,000		
Capital surplus	14,582	14,592		
Retained earnings	9,725	9,973		
Treasury shares	(102)	(4,651)		
Total shareholders' equity	39,204	34,913		
Accumulated other comprehensive income				
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(10)	32		
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(398)	(326)		
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	(408)	(293)		
Total net assets	38,795	34,620		
Total net assets and liabilities	51,261	46,827		

# **Consolidated Statement of Income**

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021 and 2022

			(N	Million yen)
	FY2020 (April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021)		FY2021 (April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022)	
Net sales		41,573		40,033
Cost of sales	*5	32,995	*5	31,556
Gross profit		8,578		8,477
Selling, general and administrative expenses	*1, *2	5,791	*1, *2	6,514
Operating profit		2,786		1,963
Non-operating income				
Interest income		23		55
Dividends income		11		11
Real estate rent		22		_
Dividend income of insurance		23		24
Gain on investments in investment partnerships		64		2
Other		18		27
Total non-operating income		164		121
Non-operating expenses				
Interest expenses		0		0
Rent expenses on real estate		19		_
Commission for purchase of treasury shares		_		18
Other		5		5
Total non-operating expenses		25		23
Ordinary profit		2,925		2,060
Extraordinary income				
Gain on sales of investment securities		<u> </u>		6
Total extraordinary income		_		6
Extraordinary losses				
Loss on sales of non-current assets		2		_
Loss on retirement of non-current assets	*3	6	*3	2
Loss on sale of investment securities		_		7
Loss on valuation of investment securities		_		71
Impairment loss	*4	765	*4	5
Contract cancellation fees		<u> </u>		52
Total extraordinary losses		774		140
Profit before income taxes		2,150		1,926
Income tax and others		344		643
Adjustment of corporate taxes		373		(16)
Total income taxes		718		626
Profit		1,432		1,300
Profit attributable to owners of parent		1,432		1,300

# **Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income**

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021 and 2022

		(Million yen)
	FY2020 (April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021)	FY2021 (April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022)
Profit	1,432	1,300
Other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(3)	43
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax	431	72
Total other comprehensive income	* 428	* 115
Comprehensive income	1,860	1,415
Comprehensive income attributable		
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent	1,860	1,415

# Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

Previous fiscal year (April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021)

(Million yen)

	Shareholders' equity				
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at beginning of period	15,000	14,579	9,245	(119)	38,705
Changes during period					
Dividends of surplus			(952)		(952)
Profit attributable to owners of parent			1,432		1,432
Purchase of treasury shares				(2)	(2)
Disposal of treasury shares		2		20	21
Changes in items other than shareholders' equity (net)					
Total changes during period	_	2	480	17	499
Balance at end of period	15,000	14,582	9,725	(102)	39,204

	Accumulated other comprehensive income				
	Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Total net assets	
Balance at beginning of period	(7)	(829)	(836)	37,868	
Changes during period					
Dividends of surplus				(952)	
Profit attributable to owners of parent				1,432	
Purchase of treasury shares				(2)	
Disposal of treasury shares				21	
Changes in items other than shareholders' equity (net)	(3)	431	428	428	
Total changes during period	(3)	431	428	927	
Balance at end of period	(10)	(398)	(408)	38,795	

### Fiscal year under review (April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022)

(Million yen)

	Shareholders' equity				
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at beginning of period	15,000	14,582	9,725	(102)	39,204
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies			3		3
Restated balance	15,000	14,582	9,728	(102)	39,207
Changes during period					
Dividends of surplus			(1,055)		(1,055)
Profit attributable to owners of parent			1,300		1,300
Purchase of treasury shares				(4,569)	(4,569)
Disposal of treasury shares		9		19	30
Changes in items other than shareholders' equity (net)					
Total changes during period	_	9	244	(4,548)	(4,294)
Balance at end of period	15,000	14,592	9,973	(4,651)	34,913

	Accumula			
	Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Total net assets
Balance at beginning of period	(10)	(398)	(408)	38,795
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies				3
Restated balance	(10)	(398)	(408)	38,799
Changes during period				
Dividends of surplus				(1,055)
Profit attributable to owners of parent				1,300
Purchase of treasury shares				(4,569)
Disposal of treasury shares				30
Changes in items other than shareholders' equity (net)	43	72	115	115
Total changes during period	43	72	115	(4,178)
Balance at end of period	32	(326)	(293)	34,620

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow**

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021 and 2022

		(Million yen)
	FY2020 (April 1, 2020 to	FY2021 (April 1, 2021 to
	March 31, 2021)	March 31, 2022)
Cash flows from operating activities	·	·
Profit before income taxes	2,150	1,926
Depreciation	2,227	2,949
Impairment loss	765	5
Increase (decrease) in provision for bonuses	(190)	(89)
Increase (decrease) in provision for bonuses for directors (and other officers)	21	(2)
Increase (decrease) in provision for losses on orders received	(95)	(212)
Increase (decrease) in provision for retirement benefits for directors (and other officers)	10	(16)
Increase (decrease) in retirement benefit liability	358	(373)
Loss (gain) on sales of non-current assets	2	_
Loss on retirement of non-current assets	6	2
Loss (gain) on sale of investment securities	_	1
Loss (gain) on valuation of investment securities	_	71
Contract cancellation fees	_	52
Decrease (increase) in trade receivables	(1,098)	1,482
Decrease (increase) in inventories	209	318
Decrease (increase) in other assets	(102)	37
Increase (decrease) in trade payables	180	(175)
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(627)	209
Other	(151)	56
(Subtotal)	3,668	6,244
Contract cancellation fees paid	-	(52)
Income taxes refund	34	567
Income taxes paid	(1,785)	(333)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,917	6,427

		(Million yen)
	FY2020 (April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021)	FY2021 (April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Net decrease (increase) in time deposits	801	19
Net decrease (increase) in short-term investment securities	(2,300)	_
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(357)	(740)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	1,159	_
Purchase of intangible assets	(1,018)	(896)
Proceeds from sales of intangible assets	1	_
Purchase of long-term prepaid expenses	(402)	(167)
Purchase of investment securities	(9,390)	(15)
Proceeds from sale of investment securities	_	303
Payments for lease and guarantee deposits	(225)	(60)
Proceeds from refund of leasehold and guarantee deposits	103	108
Payments for asset retirement obligations	(77)	(5)
Other	113	30
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(11,592)	(1,422)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayments of lease obligations	(19)	(19)
Decrease (increase) in deposits for purchase of treasury shares	0	-
Purchase of treasury shares	(2)	(4,569)
Proceeds from sale of treasury shares	_	0
Cash dividends paid	(949)	(1,053)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(971)	(5,641)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(10,646)	(636)
Beginning cash and cash equivalent balance	21,014	10,368
Ending cash and cash equivalent balance	* 10,368	* 9,731